**Our Vision:**
At St John’s and St Paul’s primary schools, we believe in equality for all. We are committed to ensuring our school communities are equipped with the knowledge, understanding and skills to challenge discrimination, injustice and associated perceptions. This means that members of the school community consistently reflect and promote positive attitudes and behaviours.
We aim to empower all to make informed and responsible choices about their own actions. We aim to foster a personal and collective sense of responsibility and accountability to ensure that there is true equality of opportunity for all.

In an ever-changing world, we have the responsibility to prepare our children to become 21st century citizens by ensuring that equality legislation, policy and values are implemented and taught. We aim to achieve this by treating each person as an individual, celebrating that individuality and difference and empowering them with the confidence and knowledge to question and challenge.

**Rationale:**

Across the federation we will ensure that at every level, in all our work and throughout all aspects of the school community and its life, everyone will be treated equally.

This information reflects the Single Equality Act 2010 which harmonises and replaces previous legislation including the Race Relations Act 1976, Disability Discrimination Act 1995, Gender Recognition Act 2004 and Sex Discrimination Act 1975.

It also supersedes all previous school policies on Disability, Ethnicity (i.e. Race) and Gender. The Single Equality Act combines the existing three duties into one new Equality Duty which covers nine protected characteristics, described below.

At St John’s and St Paul’s schools, we will make the learning environment and the work environment fair and consistent for all members and ensure that we comply with the law. The protected characteristics are:

* Age - the Act protects people of all ages
* Disability - under the Act, a person is disabled if they have a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities
* Gender Reassignment - the Act provides protection for trans-sexual people. A trans-sexual person is someone who proposes to, starts or has completed a process to change their gender.
* Marriage and Civil Partnership - the Act protects employees who are married or in a civil partnership against discrimination.
* Pregnancy and Maternity - a woman is protected against discrimination on the grounds of pregnancy and maternity during the period of her pregnancy and any statutory maternity leave to which she is entitled.
* Race - for the purposes of the Act ‘race’ includes colour, nationality and ethnic or national origins.
* Religion or Belief - in the Equality Act, religion includes any religion. It also includes a lack of religion, in other words employees or jobseekers are protected if they do not follow a certain religion or have no religion at all. A religion must have a clear structure and belief system.
* Sex - both men and women are protected under the Act.
* Sexual Orientation - the Act protects bisexual, gay, heterosexual and lesbian people.

**Our approach to equality is based on these key principles**:

* **We believe all learners and staff are of equal value** whatever their ethnicity, culture, national origin or national status, whatever their gender and gender identity, whatever their religious or non-religious affiliation or faith, whatever their sexual orientation and whether they have a disability.
* **We take account of differences and strive to remove barriers and disadvantages which people may face**. We believe that diversity is a strength, which should be respected and celebrated by all those who learn, teach and visit here.
* **We foster a shared sense of cohesion and belonging**. We want all members of our school community to feel a sense of belonging within the school and wider community and to feel that they are respected and able to participate fully in school life.
* **We observe good equalities practice for our staff**. We ensure that policies and procedures benefit all employees and potential employees in all aspects of their work, including in recruitment and promotion, and in continuing professional development.
* **We have the highest expectations of all our children**. We expect that all pupils can make good progress and achieve to their highest potential.
* **We work to raise standards for all pupils, but especially for the most vulnerable**. We believe that improving the quality of education for the most vulnerable groups of pupils raises standards across the whole school.

**We will have due regard of the need to**:

* eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act;
* advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it; and
* foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not share it.

**We will collect and use equality information to help us to**:

* understand the impact of our policies, practices and decisions on staff and pupils with different protected characteristics, and thereby plan them more effectively;
* assess whether we are discriminating unlawfully when carrying out any of our functions; and
* identify what the key equality issues are for our organisation.

Assess performance:

* benchmark our performance and processes against those of similar organisations, nationally or locally.

Take action:

* consider taking steps to meet the needs of pupils and staff who share relevant protected characteristics;
* identify if there are any actions we can take to avoid discrimination and harassment, advance equality of opportunity or foster good relations;
* make informed decisions about policies and practices which are based on evidence about the impact of our activities on equality;
* develop equality objectives to meet the specific duties;
* have due regard to the aims of the general equality duty by ensuring that staff have appropriate information for decision-making.

**We aim to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation**

* We take account of equality issues in the way we provide education for our pupils and the way we provide access for pupils to facilities and services.
* We are aware of the Reasonable Adjustment duty for differently abled pupils which is designed to enhance their access and participation to an equal level as all pupils and stop differently abled children being placed at a disadvantage compared to their peers.
* The Head teacher ensures that all appointment panels give due regard to this policy so that no one is discriminated against when it comes to employment, promotion or training opportunities.
* We take seriously the need to consider the equality implications when we develop, adapt and review any policy or procedure and whenever we make significant decisions about the day to day life of the school.
* We actively promote equality and diversity though the curriculum and by creating an environment which values respect for all members of the community.
* Our admissions arrangements are fair, transparent and conform to LA guidelines.

**We aim to address prejudice and prejudice based bullying**

The school challenges all forms of prejudice and prejudice-based bullying, which stand in the way of fulfilling our commitment to inclusion and equality. Details of how we do this can be found in our Behaviour Policy.

**We promote equality of opportunity between different groups**

* We collect and analyse data in order to inform our planning and identify targets to achieve improvements.
* We have procedures, working in partnership with parents and carers, to identify children who have a disability through our pupil admissions meetings.
* We collect data and monitor progress and outcomes of different groups of pupils and use this data to support school improvement. We take action to close any gaps, for example, for those making slow progress in acquiring age appropriate literacy and number skills.
	+ We collect, analyse and publish data:
* on the school population by gender and ethnicity;
* on the % of pupils identified as having a special educational need
* by year group – in terms of ethnicity, gender
* on inequalities of outcome and participation, related to ethnicity, gender and disability and EAL
* We analyse the standards reached by different groups at the end of each year with regard to:
	+ Gender
	+ Ethnicity
	+ Disadvantage
	+ EAL
	+ SEN
	+ Looked after Children
* We collect, analyse and use data in relation to attendance and exclusions of different groups.
* We use a range of teaching strategies that ensures we meet the needs of all pupils.
* We ensure equality of access for all pupils to a broad and balanced curriculum, removing barriers to participation where necessary.

**Roles and Responsibilities**

We expect **all** members of the school community and visitors to support our commitment to promoting equalities and meeting the requirements of the Equality Act.

**Governing Body**

The governing body is responsible for ensuring that the school complies with legislation, and that this policy and its related procedures and action plans are implemented. A member of the governing body has a watching brief regarding the implementation of this policy.

**Head teacher and Leadership team**

The Head teacher is responsible for implementing the policy; for ensuring that all staff are aware of their responsibilities and are given appropriate training and support; and for taking appropriate action in any cases of unlawful discrimination. They will ensure that teaching and support staff will:

* promote an inclusive and collaborative ethos in their classroom;
* challenge prejudice and discrimination;
* deal fairly and professionally with any prejudice-related incidents that may occur;
* plan and deliver curricula and lessons that reflect the school’s principles, for example, in providing materials that give positive images in terms of race, gender and disability;
* maintain the highest expectations of success for all pupils;
* support different groups of pupils in their class through differentiated planning and teaching, especially those who may (sometimes temporarily) find aspects of academic learning difficult; and
* keep up-to-date with equalities legislation relevant to their work.

**Visitors**

All visitors to the school, including parents and carers are expected to support our commitment to equalities and comply with this policy.

**Equality for Staff**

This section deals with aspects of equal opportunities relating to staff. We are committed to the implementation of equalities principles and the monitoring and active promotion of equality in all aspects of staffing and employment.

* All staff are of equal value whatever their ethnicity, culture, national origin or national status, whatever their gender and gender identity, whatever their religious or non-religious affiliation or faith background, whatever their sexual orientation and whether they have a disability.
* As an employer we strive to ensure that we eliminate discrimination and harassment in our employment practice and actively promote equality across all groups within our workforce.
* All staff appointments and promotions are made on the basis of merit and ability and in compliance with the law.
* We are also concerned to ensure wherever possible that the staffing of the school reflects the diversity of our community.
* We respect the religious beliefs and practice of all staff, pupils and parents, and comply with reasonable requests relating to religious observance and practice.
* We ensure that all staff, including support and administrative staff, receives appropriate training and opportunities for professional development, both as individuals and as groups or teams.

We will work towards developing an equality profile of staff to help us to understand key equality issues in our school. This will include any evidence of pay gaps or ‘occupational segregation’ i.e. staff with certain protected characteristics being overrepresented in particular roles. In addition, we note that it is likely to be useful to collect and consider information, appropriately analysed, according to:

* recruitment and promotion
* numbers of part-time and full-time staff
* pay and remuneration
* training
* return to work of women on maternity leave
* return to work of disabled employees following sick leave relating to their different ability
* appraisals
* grievances (including about harassment)
* disciplinary action (including for harassment)
* dismissals and other reasons for leaving.

**Development of Equalities Information**

This information applies to the whole school community. It has been drawn up as a result of the outcomes of a transparent process and through consultation with: pupils, parents, staff and Governors.

**Disseminating the information**

This Equality information is available: on the school website and as part of induction for new staff.

We ensure that the whole school community knows about the policy, objectives and data through the school newsletter, staff meetings and other communications.

We will collect and use workforce information to effectively meet the general equality duty.

**Supporting Policies and Documentation:**

* Equality Act 2010
* SEND Policy
* SEND Information Report
* Accessibility Policy
* Positive Behaviour Policy
* Anti-Bullying Policy
* Teaching and Learning Policy
* Assessment Policy
* Induction Policy
* Vulnerable Pupils
* The School
* Curriculum Framework

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| Policy | Federation Equalities Policy 2020 |
| Draft Completed | August 2020 |
| Agreed by Governing Body | 1st October 2020 |
| Review Date | Autumn 2023 |

**Glossary:**

**Age**: Refers to a person having a particular age (for example, 32 year-olds) or being within an age group (for example, 18-30 year-olds).

**Direct discrimination**: Refers to less favourable treatment because of a person's protected characteristic.

**Disability**: A person has a disability if she/he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

**Equality**: Equality means treating everyone with fairness and respect and recognising the needs of individuals.

**Diversity**: Diversity is recognising and valuing that individuals are unique, each having their own values, beliefs, attitude, culture, racial background, and sexuality, skills and life experience.

**Gender reassignment**: Is the process of transitioning from one sex to another. See also trans, transgender, transsexual.

**Harassment:** Unwanted conduct related to a protected characteristic that has the purposeor effect of violating a person’s dignity or creates an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment. It may also involve unwanted conduct of a sexual nature or be related to gender reassignment or sex.

**Indirect discrimination**: Is when a provision, criterion or practice is applied in a way that creates disproportionate disadvantage for a person with a protected characteristic as compared to those who do not share that characteristic, and is not a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

**Protected characteristics**: The equality duty covers the following characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation. These are also referred to as protected groups. The duty also covers marriage/civil partnerships, but not for all aspects of the duty.

**Race**: Is the protected characteristic of race. It refers to a group of people defined by their colour, nationality (including citizenship), ethnic or national origins.

**Religion or belief**: Religion means any religion, including a reference to a lack of religion. Belief includes religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief (for example, Atheism). Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included.

**Sex:** Someone being a man or a woman.

**Sexual orientation**: Is whether a person's sexual attraction is towards their own sex, the opposite sex or to both sexes.

**Trans:** The terms ‘trans people’ and ‘transgender people’ are both often used as umbrella terms for people whose gender identity and/or gender expression differs from their birth sex, including transsexual people (those who propose to undergo, are undergoing or have undergone a process of gender reassignment to live permanently in their acquired gender), transvestite/cross- dressing people (those who wear clothing traditionally associated with the other gender either occasionally or more regularly), androgyne /polygender people (those who have non-binary gender identities and do not identify as male or female), and others who define as gender variant.

**Transgender**: Is an umbrella term for people whose gender identity and/or gender expression differs from their birth sex. They may or may not seek to undergo gender reassignment hormonal treatment/surgery. Often used interchangeably with trans. **Transsexual:** A person who intends to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone gender reassignment (which may or may not involve hormone therapy or surgery). Transsexual people feel the deep conviction to present themselves in the appearance of the opposite sex. They may change their name and identity to live in the preferred gender. Some take hormones and have cosmetic treatments to alter their appearance and physical characteristics. Some undergo surgery to change their bodies to approximate more closely to their preferred gender.

Transsexual people have the protected characteristic of gender reassignment under the Equality Act 2010. Under the Act, gender reassignment is a personal process rather than a medical one and it does not require someone to undergo medical treatment in order to be protected.

**Victimisation**: Subjecting a person to a detriment because they have made a complaint of discrimination, or are thought to have done so; or because they have supported someone else who has made a complaint of discrimination. Victimisation is unlawful under the Equality Act 2010.